

Innovation in Biomass Transport

Amit Kumar

**Department of Chemical and Biological
Engineering**

**University of British Columbia, Vancouver,
Canada**

*Workshop on Biomass Feedstock Integration for Bio-industry in Canada
February 4th, 2005, Ottawa, Canada*



Outline

- Importance
- Modes of transport and current status
- Logistical issues in biomass transport
- Pipeline transport of biomass
- Economics

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Transportation Cost of Biomass

- Truck transportation cost is between 30-40% of total delivered cost of biomass to an ethanol plant.
- Truck transportation cost of biomass for power plants at optimum scale (% of total power cost):
 - Whole forest – 14%
 - Agricultural residue – 25%
 - Forest harvest residue – 38% (*Kumar et al., 2003*)

A major cost component of total bio-product cost

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Main Issues in Biomass Transport

- Low bulk density of biomass.
- High moisture content.
- Highly dispersed.



Modes of Biomass Transport

<i>Modes</i>	<i>Status</i>
Truck Transport	Most Commonly Used
Rail Transport	Used in Forestry Industry
Pipeline Transport	Future Technology

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Biomass (Forest Residues) Transport by Truck



Source: VTT, Finland

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Biomass Transport in Chipped Form by Truck



Source: VTT, Finland

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Biomass Transport in Pellet Form by Rail



Source: DRC, British Columbia

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Logistical Issues in Biomass Transport

- Truck transport of biomass is used for transporting 300,000 – 500,000 tonnes per year.
- At this scale biorefinery size would be < 5% of current oil refinery and hence would be uneconomic.
- A typical oil refinery is more than 100,000 barrels/day.

Logistical Issues in Biomass Transport (cont'd)

100,000 barrels/day
biorefinery



About 15 million dry tonnes/yr
of biomass (at ethanol yield of
about 378 L/dt).

Logistical Issues in Biomass Transport (cont'd)

		Capacity (M dry tonnes/year)			
Mode	Moisture Content	0.5	2	6	15
		Units per hour			
Trucks (20 t per load)	50%	6	23	68	171
Rail (50 t per car)	50%	2	9	27	68

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Large Scale Transportation Through Pipeline

- Pipelines allow aggregation of biomass.
- Fossil fuel power plants don't depend on highway truck delivery.
- Could be used as a reactor.

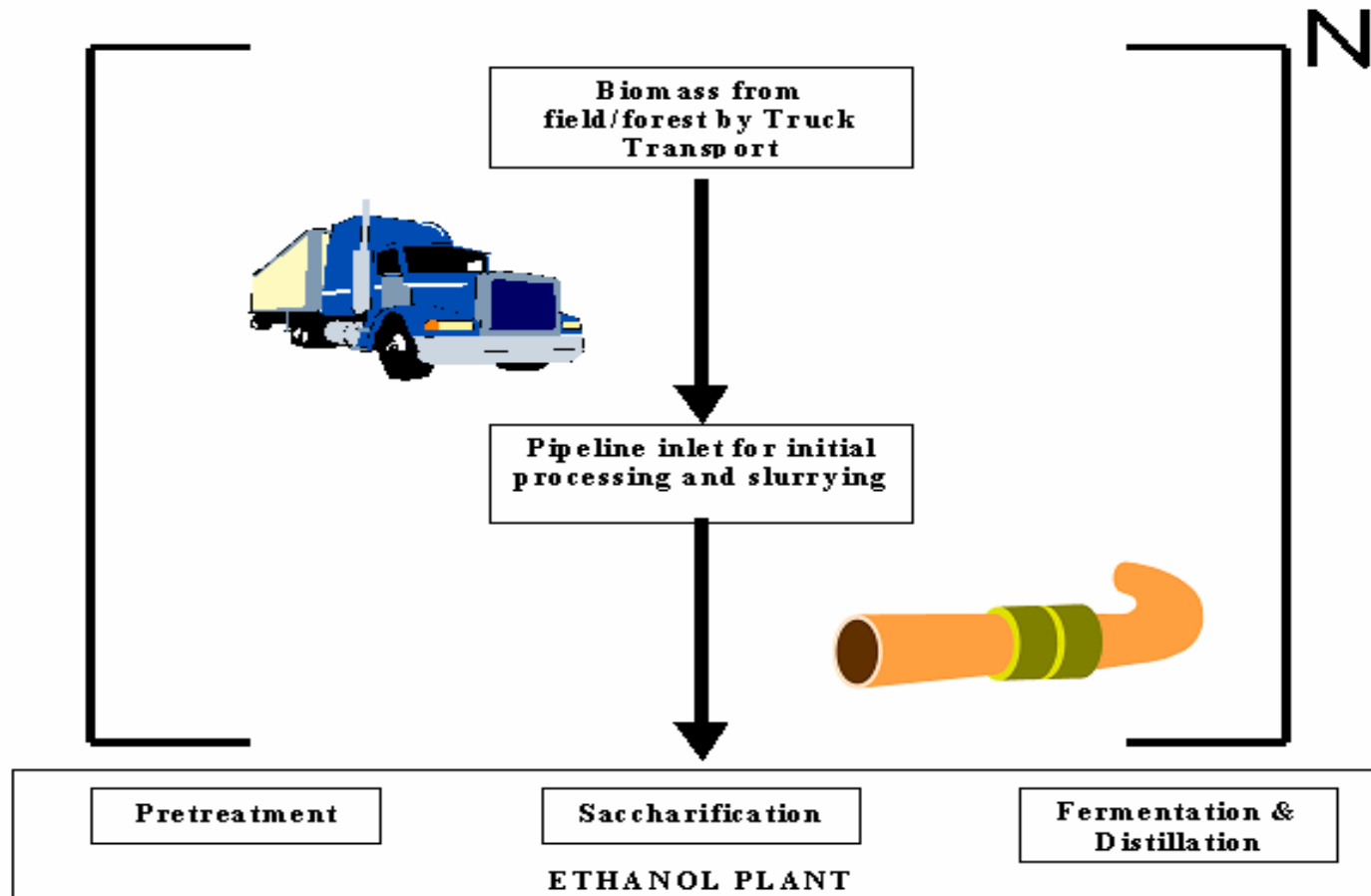
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Approaches to Pipeline Transport

- Two-way pipeline transport
 - Pipeline for biomass slurry.
 - Pipeline for carrier fluid return.
- One-way pipeline transport
 - Pipeline for the biomass slurry.
 - No pipeline for carrier fluid return.

Model for Ethanol Plant Supplied by Pipeline Transport



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Cost of Biomass Transport

Modes	Cost (\$/dry tonne)
Truck	$4.98 + 0.11114 * d$
Rail	$14.5 + 0.0209 * d$
Pipeline (at 2 M dt and 30% conc.)	$1.47 + 0.1023 * d$

d – one way distance of transport in kms

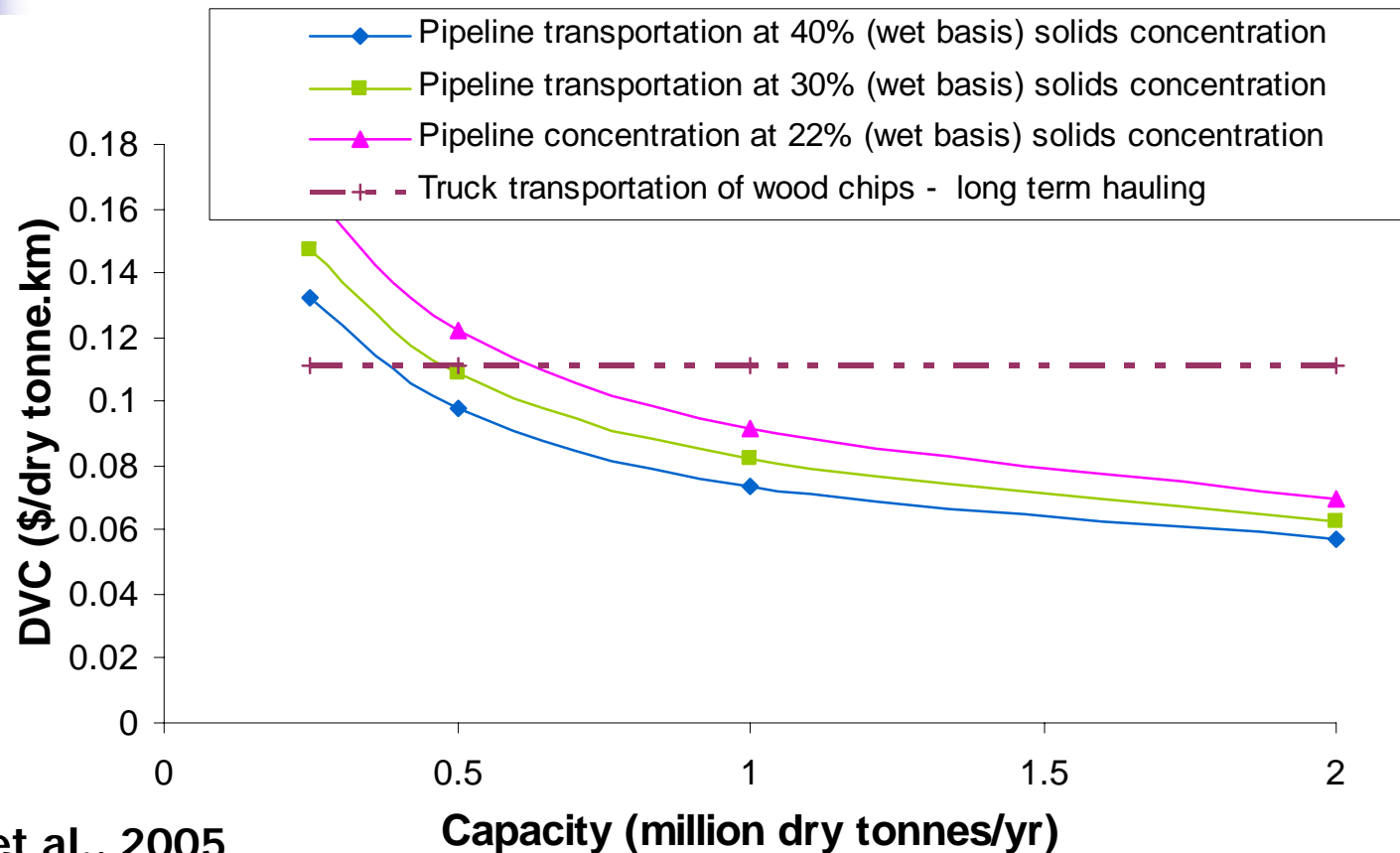
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Economics of Biomass Transport

- Truck Transport: Not affected by scale
- Rail Transport: Not affected by scale
- Pipeline Transport: Has an economy of scale

Economics of Biomass Transport (cont'd)



Kumar et al., 2005

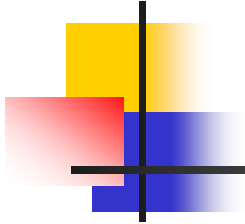
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